Notes to consolidated financial statements:

- 1. The company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP).
- 2. In order to be consistent with generally accepted financial reporting practices in Japan, operating profit is presented as net sales less cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses. The company believes that this is useful to investors in comparing the company's financial results with those of other Japanese companies. Please refer to the accompanying consolidated statement of income and Note 5 for U.S. GAAP reconciliation.
- 3. On April 1, 2005, Matsushita sold approximately 2,707 thousand shares of Matsushita Leasing & Credit Co., Ltd. (MLC) to The Sumitomo Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (STB) for cash proceeds of 27,756 million yen, and recorded a gain of 10,313 million yen, pursuant to a basic agreement regarding the equity ownership of MLC concluded between the company and STB. As a result of the sale, Matsushita now owns 34% of MLC's total issued shares. MLC (renamed Sumishin Matsushita Financial Services Co., Ltd. on May 1, 2005) was changed from a consolidated subsidiary to an equity method investee of Matsushita as of April 1, 2005.
- 4. Comprehensive income was reported as a gain of 132,146 million yen (\$1,120 million) for the first half ended September 30, 2006, a gain of 170,929 million yen for the first half ended September 30, 2005, and a gain of 366,668 million yen for the year ended March 31, 2006. Comprehensive income includes net income and increases (decreases) in cumulative translation adjustments, unrealized holding gains of available-for-sale securities, unrealized gains (losses) of certain derivative instruments and minimum pension liability adjustments.
- 5. Under U.S. GAAP, expenses associated with the implementation of early retirement programs at certain domestic and overseas companies are included as part of operating profit in the statement of income.
- 6. Regarding consolidated segment profit, expenses for basic research and administrative expenses at the corporate headquarters level are treated as unallocatable expenses for each business segment, and are included in Corporate and eliminations.
- 7. The company's business segments are classified according to a business domain-based management system, which focuses on global consolidated management by each business domain, in order to ensure consistency of its internal management structure and disclosure.

Principal internal divisional companies or units and subsidiaries operating in respective segments are as follows:

AVC Networks

Panasonic AVC Networks Company, Panasonic Communications Co., Ltd., Panasonic Mobile Communications Co., Ltd., Panasonic Automotive Systems Company, Panasonic System Solutions Company, Panasonic Shikoku Electronics Co., Ltd.

Home Appliances

Home Appliances Group, Healthcare Business Company, Lighting Company, Matsushita Ecology Systems Co., Ltd.

Components and Devices

Semiconductor Company, Matsushita Battery Industrial Co., Ltd., Panasonic Electronic Devices Co., Ltd., Motor Company

MEW and PanaHome

Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd., PanaHome Corporation

<u>JVC</u>

Victor Company of Japan, Ltd.

<u>Other</u>

Panasonic Factory Solutions Co., Ltd., Matsushita Welding Systems Co., Ltd.

- 8. Number of consolidated companies: 639
- 9. Number of companies reflected by the equity method: 69
- 10. United States Dollar amounts are translated from yen for convenience at the rate of U.S.
 \$1.00 = 118 yen, the approximate rate on the Tokyo Foreign Exchange Market on September 29, 2006.
- 11. Each American Depositary Share (ADS) represents 1 share of common stock.